

Computer Demonstrations
To Catch or Not to Catch!

| f | n_a | n_s | $(v_s - v_a)/v_a^*$ | Outcome |
|------|-------|-------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| 0.05 | 1 | 1 | -0.0175475 | <i>catch</i> |
| 0.05 | 1 | 2 | -0.402192 | <i>reentry</i> |
| 0.05 | 1 | 3 | No solution ($a < R/2$) | |
| 0.05 | | | -1.0 | <i>radial infall</i> |
| 0.05 | | | +0.164 | <i>"close call"</i> |
| 0.05 | | | +0.42 | <i>escape!</i> |

* v_s is the speed of the sandwich at the moment of release.
 v_a is the speed of the astronauts in their circular orbits.
 Thus $v_s - v_a$ is the speed of the sandwich relative to Peter's motion. If $v_s - v_a > 0$, Peter will have to throw the sandwich "forward" (i.e., in the direction of his motion), if it is < 0 he will have to throw it "backwards".
 The ratio $(v_s - v_a)/v_a = v_s/v_a - 1$ is independent of the Gravitational constant G , of the orbital radius R , and independent of the Mass of the Earth. *Show that this is true.*