

Exercise 1: Write `getfloat`, which does to floating point numbers what `getint` does to integers. If you're slightly ambitious, be careful for exponentials as well as decimal points.

Exercise 2: Often, in programming, you want to limit the size of arrays (perhaps to the size of your memory block, or something like that). Rewrite the `strcpy` function I wrote in class as a `strncpy(s,t,n)` that copies up to `n` elements, but no more of a string `s` to a string `t`.