

Crash Course in XSLT

Beginning XSLT

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Last Time...

- * XML syntax
- * XML namespaces
- * XPath

A Trivial Stylesheet

```
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0"
  xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
  <xsl:output method="xml"/>
  <xsl:template match="/">
    <xsl:copy-of select="/" />
  </xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

Making It Go

- * Command-line processor, like `xsltproc`
- * `xsltproc stylesheet.xml input.xml`
- * Java `javax.xml` infrastructure
- * `xml-stylesheet` PI plus Web browser
- * `<?xml-stylesheet type="text/xml" href="foo.xml"?>`

What Do You Get Out?

- * `<xsl:output method="xml" indent="no"/>`
- * Possible output methods: xml, html, text
- * XHTML is "xml"; default is either "xml" or "html" depending on name of root element
- * Some other options, but probably bad form to depend on them

Templates

- * `<xsl:template match="foo:bar" mode="baz">`
- * Think "subroutine"
- * Can take parameters, have local variables, contains XSLT "statements"
- * Optional *mode* controls when the template is invoked
- * `match` attribute is restricted XPath expression with child or attribute axes, `//` and `|` operators, and arbitrary predicates

Easy Ways To Get Output

- * `<number>42</number>` (*literal result element*): non-XSLT XML (or text) is copied to output
- * `<xsl:text>foo</xsl:text>`
- * `<xsl:copy-of select="..." />` copies entire selected subtree(s) (if any)
- * `<xsl:value-of select="..." />` evaluates expression, takes string value (discarding XML tags), and outputs that

Counting Things

```
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0"
  xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform">
  <xsl:output method="xml"/>
  <xsl:template match="/">
    <counts>
      <count item="slides">
        <xsl:value-of
          select="count(//slide:slide)"
          xmlns:slide=
            "http://www.mit.edu/~dmaze/slide"/>
      </count>
      <count item="graphics">
        <xsl:value-of select="count(//svg:svg)"
          xmlns:svg="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"/>
      </count>
    </counts>
  </xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

Applying Templates

- * `<xsl:apply-templates select="*" mode="baz"/>`
- * There's always a *context node*
- * "Apply templates": find some set of other nodes by XPath expression; then invoke the matching template, but only if the mode matches
- * Could do nothing if no nodes match
- * Default for text is to copy to output

Matching Multiple Templates

```
<xsl:template match="xhtml:p"/>
```

```
<xsl:template match="xhtml:*"/>
```

- * What do you do if multiple templates match?
- * Top-level stylesheet first
- * Highest priority (explicit `xsl:template/@priority`) wins
- * Default priority: 0 for child/attribute full-name match; -0.25 for child/attribute namespace match (`prefix:*`); -0.5 for child/element kind match (`child::text()`); 0.5 for anything else
- * Still a tie? "Error", but last one in stylesheet wins

HTML to XSL:FO

```
<p>Text with <i>italic</i> word</p>
```

```
<xsl:template match="p">
  <fo:block>
    <xsl:apply-templates/>
  </fo:block>
</xsl:template>
```

```
<xsl:template match="i">
  <fo:inline font-style="italic">
    <xsl:apply-templates/>
  </fo:inline>
</xsl:template>
```

```
<fo:block>
  Text with
  <fo:inline font-style="italic">italic</fo:inline>
  word
</fo:block>
```

Modes

- * Sometimes, just want to copy an element; other times, want to do full processing; other times...
- * Can create/invoke template with named *mode*
- * `<xsl:template match="..." mode="...">`
- * `<xsl:apply-templates select="..." mode="..." />`
- * Defaults to no mode at all

Let's go backwards!

```
<xsl:template match="*">
  <xsl:copy>
    <xsl:copy-of select="@*" />
    <xsl:apply-templates select="*[last()]" />
  </xsl:copy>
  <xsl:apply-templates
    select="preceding-sibling::*[1]" />
</xsl:template>
```

Named templates

- * Templates can have *names* as well as match expressions
- * `<xsl:call-template name="..." />`
- * Context node same as in caller

Let's go backwards! (again)

```
<xsl:template name="attr-children">
  <xsl:copy-of select="@*" />
  <xsl:apply-templates select="*[last()]" />
</xsl:template>
<xsl:template match="*" mode="child">
  <xsl:call-template name="attr-children">
</xsl:template>
<xsl:template match="*">
  <xsl:call-template name="attr-children">
  <xsl:apply-templates
    select="preceding-sibling::*"
    mode="child" />
</xsl:template>
```

Attribute value templates (AVTs)

```
<xsl:template match="x">  
  <x count="{count(child::*)}">  
    <xsl:apply-templates/>  
  </x>  
</xsl:template>
```

- * Any XPath expression can go inside curly braces in many contexts
- * (Including attribute values in LREs)

I don't know my name

- * `<xsl:element name="..." namespace="...">`
- * `<xsl:attribute name="..." namespace="...">`
- * Contents of element/attribute used as contents of element/attribute
- * Name and namespace attributes are both AVTs
- * This is also useful for only maybe generating attributes
- * Can't use `xsl:attribute` after first child has been output

Picking a namespace

`<xsl:element name="..." namespace="...">`

- * **Is namespace present?** Use its value (possibly empty)
- * **Does name have a prefix?** Use its namespace from the stylesheet
- * **Otherwise?** Use the null namespace
- * The generated element will have no prefix if in the null namespace, or otherwise the processor's choice of namespace (possibly the one in name)

Comments In The Output

```
<!-- Comment in the stylesheet -->  
<xsl:comment>in the output</xsl:comment>
```

What if...

```
<xsl:if test="...">
```

```
</xsl:if>
```

- * If/then, without an "else"
- * test is any (boolean) XPath expression
- * Contents are evaluated if test is true (non-empty)

But what if...

```
<xsl:choose>  
  <xsl:when test="...">...</xsl:when>  
  <xsl:when test="...">...</xsl:when>  
  <xsl:otherwise>...</xsl:otherwise>  
</xsl:choose>
```

- * If first `xsl:when` is true, do that; otherwise, if second is true, do that, otherwise...
- * Only way to have "else"

How many is many?

```
<xsl:attribute name="quantity">
  <xsl:choose>
    <xsl:when test="count(*)=0">none</xsl:when>
    <xsl:when test="count(*)=1">one</xsl:when>
    <xsl:when test="count(*)<8">some</xsl:when>
    <xsl:otherwise>many</xsl:otherwise>
  </xsl:choose>
</xsl:attribute>

<xsl:if test="*">
  <xsl:attribute .../>
</xsl:if>
```

Variables

```
<xsl:variable name="..." select="..." />
```

```
<xsl:variable name="...">...</xsl:variable>
```

- * Defines a variable for all following things in the same template, plus their descendants
- * No duplicate variables in the same template (might shadow globals)
- * `select` form can have arbitrary XPath
- * Otherwise create *result tree fragment* with root node and specified contents
- * `<xsl:copy-of select="$variable" />`
- * No content? Defaults to empty string
- * `select="/.."` for empty nodeset
- * Get value later using XPath `$name`

How many is many?

```
<xsl:variable name="children"
  select="*[@on='yes']"/>
<xsl:variable name="count"
  select="count($children)"/>
<xsl:attribute name="quantity">
  <xsl:choose>
    <xsl:when test="$count=0">none</xsl:when>
    <xsl:when test="$count=1">one</xsl:when>
    <xsl:when test="$count<8">some</xsl:when>
    <xsl:otherwise>many</xsl:otherwise>
  </xsl:choose>
</xsl:attribute>
```

Parameters

```
<xsl:param name="..." select="..." />
<xsl:param name="...">...</xsl:param>
<xsl:apply-templates>
  <xsl:with-param name="..." select="..." />
  <xsl:with-param name="...">...</xsl:with-param>
</xsl:apply-templates>
```

- * Just like `xsl:variable`, but...
- * Must appear first in template content
- * `xsl:param`'s value is only the default value
- * Callers may specify `xsl:with-param` to provide their own values

Backwards (yet again)

```
<xsl:template match="*">
  <xsl:param name="pos" select="count(*)"/>
  <xsl:variable name="item" select="*[$pos]"/>
  <xsl:element name="{local-name($item)}">
    <xsl:apply-templates select="$item"/>
  </xsl:element>
  <xsl:if test="$pos>1">
    <xsl:apply-templates select=".">
      <xsl:with-param name="pos" select="$pos-1"/>
    </xsl:apply-templates>
  </xsl:if>
</xsl:template>
```

Globals

- * You can define global `xsl:variable` and `xsl:param`
- * Put them before the first template
- * They can depend on input
- * Global params can usually be set externally
- * `xsltproc --param foo "'bar'"`

For-each

`<xsl:for-each select="...">`

`</xsl:for-each>`

- * Evaluates contents for each node in `select` node-set
- * Context node changes

Sorting

```
<xsl:apply-templates>  
  <xsl:sort select="@name"/>  
</xsl:apply-templates>
```

- * Specify an order besides document order for `xsl:apply-templates` and `xsl:for-each`
- * `order="ascending"` (or `descending`)
- * `data-type="text"` (or `number`)
- * Multiple sorts fine, first is "more important"

Modularizing

```
<xsl:include href="..." />
```

```
<xsl:import href="..." />
```

- * Stylesheets you include can include other stylesheets
- * Circular includes are illegal
- * `xsl:include` is "the same stylesheet", `xsl:import` isn't

Next Time

- * Gory details!
- * XPath types, function library
- * Extension elements and EXSLT